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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/718,446	11/19/2003	James M. Carroll	638560-27	638560-27 9845	
23879 75	590 09/28/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
	ERLINER, ESQ		PURVIS,	SUE A	
O'MELVENY 400 SOUTH H	& MYERS, LLP OPE STREET		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
LOS ANGELES, CA 90071-2899			1734		

DATE MAILED: 09/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application	on No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/718,44	16	CARROLL, JAMES	6 M.		
Office Action Summary	Examine	,	Art Unit			
	Sue A. Pu	rvis	1734			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the	cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	dress		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by somy reply received by the Office later than three months after the rearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THE TRANSPORT	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro lication to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed om the mailing date of this ∞ NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _						
	 This action is n	on-final				
3)☐ Since this application is in condition for all			rosecution as to the	merite is		
closed in accordance with the practice und	•	-		ments is		
·	parto qu	ay.o, 1000 0.D. 11,	100 0.0. 210.			
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application	ition.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	ndrawn from co	nsideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 11-26</u> is/are rejected.		:				
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9 and 10</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction at	nd/or election re	equirement.				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exar	minor					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		Dehicated to by the	Everiner			
Applicant may not request that any objection to	•			·D 4 4044 N		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	•	• • •	•	` '		
	e Exammer. No	nte trie attached Onic	e Action or form P1	U-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eign priority und	der 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
 Certified copies of the priority document 	nents have bee	n received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bu	ıreau (PCT Rul	e 17.2(a)).				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certi	fied copies not receiv	/ed.			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summa	rv (PTO-413)	•		
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948	3)	Paper No(s)/Mail	Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SE Paper No(s)/Mail Date	·		Patent Application (PTO	-152)		
S. Patent and Trademark Office	ce Action Summa	•	Part of Paper No./Mail Da	te 20050923		

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-8 and 11-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Sinclair (US Patent No. 6,213,184 B1).

Regarding claim 1, Sinclair discloses a tractor mechanism for automatically moving a seaming iron (60) along a seam with a frame configured to retain a seaming iron (60) in a suitable position and a motor connected to the frame to drive the iron to activate the material being seamed. "Expressions relating the apparatus to contents thereof during an intended operation are of no significance in determining patentability of the apparatus claim." Ex parte Thibault, 164 USPQ 666, 667 (Bd. App. 1969). Furthermore, "[i]nclusion of material or article worked upon by a structure being claimed does not impart patentability to the claims." In re Young, 75 F.2d *>996<, 25 USPQ 69 (CCPA 1935) (as restated in In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)). The carpet and the seam tape are material worked upon and fail to limit the apparatus claim.

Regarding <u>claim 2</u>, drive wheels (72, 74) are connected to the motor held in the housing (16).

Regarding <u>claim 3</u>, the wheels (72, 74) engage the surface of the material being welded.

Regarding <u>claim 4</u>, the hot wedge (60) is a seaming iron retained in the frame/device.

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Regarding <u>claims 5 and 6</u>, Sinclair does not explicitly teach having a detachable connection between the frame and seaming iron or having a connector also be detachable, however components of a system such as the one in Sinclair are known to be attached detachably, because machines are known to have removable components for repair and maintenance reasons. It is reasonable to assume the components of Sinclair can be removed and repaired as needed.

Regarding <u>claim 7</u>, the frame, seen generally in Figures 1 and 2, comprise an integrated housing for the seaming iron and motor.

Regarding <u>claim 8</u>, the wedge in Sinclair is an electrically heated element thus an induction heating tool.

Regarding <u>claims 11 and 12</u>, Sinclair includes a tray and/or a seaming board (24) at the bottom of the frame to receive the seaming iron.

Regarding <u>claims 13 and 14</u>, the motor in Sinclair is capable of being configured to operate at either a fixed or adjustable speed. A claim containing a "recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus" if the prior art apparatus teaches all the structural limitations of the claim. *Ex parte Masham*, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1987).

Regarding claims 15 though 22, Sinclair includes a control panel (30). Control panel (30) includes on/off switch (32); power indicator light (34); manual/auto switch (36); forward/reverse switch (38); speed control switch (40); programmable temperature control (42); and, fuses (44). The system in Sinclair includes all the structural features as detail in claims 15 through 22. While features of an apparatus may be recited either structurally or functionally, claims directed to an apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function. *In re Schreiber*, 128 F.3d 1473, 1477-78, 44

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USPQ2d 1429, 1431-32 (Fed. Cir. 1997). "[A]pparatus claims cover what a device *is*, not what a device *does*." *Hewlett-Packard Co. v. Bausch & Lomb Inc.*, 909 F.2d 1464, 1469, 15 USPQ2d 1525, 1528 (Fed. Cir. 1990) (emphasis in original).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sinclair.

Regarding claim 5, Sinclair does not teach having a detachable connection between the frame and seaming iron, however it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a detachable iron, because it is within the purview of the artisan to know the advantages to using a detachable iron. For example, a detachable iron allows the user to more easily clean the iron after its use.

Regarding <u>claim 6</u>, additionally a connector would also be known to be attached removable, to make it simpler to repair the connector if an error occurs with it.

Components of a system such as the one in Sinclair are known to be attached removably, because machines are known to have removable components for repair and maintenance reasons.

5. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sinclair in view of Milnes (US Patent No. 4,438,323).

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Regarding <u>claim 8</u>, Sinclair discloses a electrically heated wedge, an alternative to that would be a wedge heated by resistive heating as disclosed in Milnes. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace the induction heating tool in Sinclair with a resistive heating tool, because the two types of heating are functionally equivalent alternative expedients of one another.

6. Claims 23-26 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the admitted prior art in view of Sinclair.

Applicant admits that seaming methods utilizing irons and seaming tape is known in the art, but there is no teaching for having an iron which automatically drives the seaming iron at a predetermined rate.

Sinclair teaches using an automatically driven mechanism to advance a seam welder for roofing material. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to automatically drive a seaming iron in the admitted prior, because automating a formally manual activity is known to an artisan. See *In re Venner*, 262 F.2d 91, 95, 120 USPQ 193, 194 (CCPA 1958) (Appellant argued that claims to a permanent mold casting apparatus for molding trunk pistons were allowable over the prior art because the claimed invention combined "old permanent-mold structures together with a timer and solenoid which automatically actuates the known pressure valve system to release the inner core after a predetermined time has elapsed." The court held that broadly providing an automatic or mechanical means to replace a manual activity which accomplished the same result is not sufficient to distinguish over the prior art.)

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Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 9 and 10 objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

8. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: There is no reason or suggestion for including a flexible line in Sinclair.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sue A. Purvis whose telephone number is (571) 272-1236. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 9am to 6pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher A. Fiorilla can be reached on (571) 272-1187. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Inf ormation regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sue^CA. Purvis Primary Examiner Art Unit 1734

SP

September 24, 2005